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10.11(b) letter within a period of not less than 15 days. An answer to the §10.11(b) letter shall constitute proof of service. If the respondent fails to answer the §10.11(b) letter, his or her name will be removed from the register as provided by §10.11(b).

(d) If the respondent is represented by an attorney under §10.140(a), a copy of the complaint shall also be served on the attorney.

§ 10.136 Answer to complaint.

- (a) Time for answer. An answer to a complaint shall be filed within a time set in the complaint which shall be not less than thirty days.
- (b) With whom filed. The answer shall be filed in writing with the administrative law judge. The time for filing an answer may be extended once for a period of no more than thirty days by the administrative law judge upon a showing of good cause provided a motion requesting an extension of time is filed within thirty days after the date the complaint is filed by the Director. A copy of the answer shall be served on the Director.
- (c) Content. The respondent shall include in the answer a statement of the facts which constitute the grounds of defense and shall specifically admit or deny each allegation set forth in the complaint. The respondent shall not deny a material allegation in the complaint which the respondent knows to be true or state that respondent is without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of an allegation when in fact the respondent possesses that information. The respondent shall also state affirmatively special matters of defense.
- (d) Failure to deny allegations in complaint. Every allegation in the complaint which is not denied by a respondent in the answer is deemed to be admitted and may be considered proven. No further evidence in respect of that allegation need be received by the administrative law judge at any hearing. Failure to timely file an answer will constitute an admission of the allegations in the complaint.
- (e) Reply by Director. No reply to an answer is required by the Director and any affirmative defense in the answer shall be deemed to be denied. The Di-

rector may, however, file a reply if he or she chooses or if ordered by the administrative law judge.

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§ 10.137 Supplemental complaint.

False statements in an answer may be made the basis of a supplemental complaint.

§ 10.138 Contested case.

Upon the filing of an answer by the respondent, a disciplinary proceeding shall be regarded as a contested case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. 24. Evidence obtained by a subpoena issued under 35 U.S.C. 24 shall not be admitted into the record or considered unless leave to proceed under 35 U.S.C. 24 was previously authorized by the administrative law judge.

§10.139 Administrative law judge; appointment; responsibilities; review of interlocutory orders; stays.

- (a) Appointment. An administrative law judge, appointed under 5 U.S.C. 3105, shall conduct disciplinary proceedings as provided by this part.
 (b) Responsibilities. The administra-
- tive law judge shall have authority to:
- (1) Administer oaths and affirmations:
- (2) Make rulings upon motions and other requests:
- (3) Rule upon offers of proof, receive relevant evidence, and examine witnesses:
- (4) Authorize the taking of a deposition of a witness in lieu of personal appearance of the witness before the administrative law judge:
- (5) Determine the time and place of any hearing and regulate its course and conduct:
- (6) Hold or provide for the holding of conferences to settle or simplify the issues:
- (7) Receive and consider oral or written arguments on facts or law:
- (8) Adopt procedures and modify procedures from time to time as occasion requires for the orderly disposition of proceedings:
- (9) Make initial decisions under § 10.154: and
- (10) Perform acts and take measures as necessary to promote the efficient

and timely conduct of any disciplinary proceeding.

- (c) Time for making initial decision. The administrative law judge shall set times and exercise control over a disciplinary proceeding such that an initial decision under §10.154 is normally issued within six months of the date a complaint is filed. The administrative law judge may, however, issue an initial decision more than six months after a complaint is filed if in his or her opinion there exist unusual circumstances which preclude issuance of an initial decision within six months of the filing of the complaint.
- (d) Review of interlocutory orders. An interlocutory order of an administrative law judge will not be reviewed by the Commissioner except:
- (1) When the administrative law judge shall be of the opinion (i) that the interlocutory order involves a controlling question of procedure or law as to which there is a substantial ground for a difference of opinion and (ii) that an immediate decision by the Commissioner may materially advance the ultimate termination of the disciplinary proceeding or
- (2) In an extraordinary situation where justice requires review
- (e) Stays pending review of interlocutory order. If the Director or a respondent seeks review of an interlocutory order of an administrative law judge under paragraph (b)(2) of this section, any time period set for taking action by the administrative law judge shall not be stayed unless ordered by the Commissioner or the administrative law judge.

[50 FR 5172, Feb. 6, 1985; 50 FR 25073, June 17, 1985]

§ 10.140 Representative for Director or respondent.

- (a) A respondent may be represented before the Office in connection with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by an attorney. The attorney shall file a written declaration that he or she is an attorney within the meaning of §10.1(c) and shall state:
- (1) The address to which the attorney wants correspondence related to the investigation or disciplinary proceeding sent and

- (2) A telephone number where the attorney may be reached during normal business hours.
- (b) The Commissioner shall designate at least two associate solicitors in the Office of the Solicitor to act as representatives for the Director in disciplinary proceedings. In prosecuting disciplinary proceedings, the designated associate solicitors shall not involve the Solicitor or the Deputy Solicitor. The Solicitor and the Deputy Solicitor shall remain insulated from the investigation and prosecution of all disciplinary proceedings in order that they shall be available as counsel to the Commissioner in deciding disciplinary proceedings.

§ 10.141 Filing of papers.

- (a) The provisions of §1.8 of this subchapter do not apply to disciplinary proceedings.
- (b) All papers filed after the complaint and prior to entry of an initial decision by the administrative law judge shall be filed with the administrative law judge at an address or place designated by the administrative law judge. All papers filed after entry of an initial decision by the administrative law judge shall be filed with the Director. The Director shall promptly forward to the Commissioner any paper which requires action under this part by the Commissioner.
- (c) The administrative law judge or the Director may provide for filing papers and other matters by hand or by "Express Mail."

§ 10.142 Service of papers.

- (a) All papers other than a complaint shall be served on a respondent represented by an attorney by:
- (1) Delivering a copy of the paper to the office of the attorney; or
- (2) Mailing a copy of the paper by first-class mail or "Express Mail" to the attorney at the address provided by the attorney under §10.140(a)(1); or
- (3) Any other method mutually agreeable to the attorney and a representative for the Director.
- (b) All papers other than a complaint shall be served on a respondent who is not represented by an attorney by:
- (1) Delivering a copy of the paper to the respondent; or